

Understanding The Influence

INFORMATION, STRATEGIES, AND RESOURCES FOR YOUTH SUBSTANCE USE PREVENTION AND INTERVENTION



Founded in 2000, notMYkid is a youth mental health and wellness nonprofit that educates and assists youth and adults on a variety of topics:

Substance Use
Body Image
Relationships
Bullying
Digital Behavior
Depression
Self-Injury

Suicide
Stress
Rx Misuse
Alcohol
Marijuana/THC
Vaping
Anxiety



Full Continuum of Care

Prevention – notMYkid / amplif[i]

Early Intervention – Project REWIND

Outpatient Treatment for Youth and Families

Peer Support



Primary Sources

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA)

Columbia University Center for Addiction and Substance Abuse (CASA Columbia)

National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA)

Arizona Criminal Justice Commission (ACJC)

Recent Referral Rates

THC (Marijuana/Wax Pens/Shatter/Dabs): 51%

Vaping Nicotine: 32%

Alcohol: 7%

Tobacco: 7%

Prescription Drugs: 3%



Understanding the Influence:

Awareness & Recognition



MARIJUANA

("Weed" / "420" / "Gas")





PUFFBAR
(Disposable E-Cig)





MDMA
"Molly / Ecstasy"





CODEINE COUGH SYRUP "Lean" / "Purple Drank" (promethazine with codeine)





THC CONCENTRATE
"Shatter" / "Dabs" / "Wax"
(tetrahydrocannabinol)





XANAX
"Zannie Bar"
(alprazolam)



Understanding the Influence:

The When and Why

First Use

What is the average age that kids begin using drugs and/or alcohol in the U.S.?

8 - 10

11 - 13

14 - 16

17 - 19



First Use

What is the average age that kids begin using drugs and/or alcohol in the U.S.?

8 - 10

11 - 13

14 - 16

17 - 19

The average age of first use is 11-13 years old and kids can hide their use for an average of two years before parents notice a problem.

CASA Columbia

First Use and Addiction

What percentage of people who later become addicted begin smoking, drinking, or using drugs before age 18?

10 - 20

30 - 50

60 - 80

90



First Use and Addiction

What percentage of people who later become addicted begin smoking, drinking, or using drugs before age 18?

10 - 20

30 - 50

60 - 80

90

90% of individuals who later struggle with addiction began prior to the age of 18.

CASA Columbia





Why Do Kids Use Drugs?



Why Do Kids Use Drugs?

- Peer pressure
- Family dynamic
- Pop culture influence
- Social media
- School culture
- Curiosity
- Boredom
- Environmental factors
- Trying to look cool
- Availability



What percentage of parents believe their child would use drugs in order to cope with stress?

< 10%

20 - 40

50 - 60

> 70%



What percentage of parents believe their child would use drugs in order to cope with stress?

< 10%

20 - 40

50 - 60

> 70%

Only 7% of parents believe their child would use drugs in order to cope with stress

CASA Columbia



What percentage of teens using drugs attributed their drug use to coping with stress?

< 10%

20 - 40

50 - 60

> 70%



What percentage of teens using drugs attributed their drug use to coping with stress?

< 10%

20 - 40

50 - 60

> 70%

73% of teens attributed their drug use to coping with stress CASA Columbia





Trauma and Substance Use

Trauma is a psychological, emotional, and/or physiological response to an event or series of events that are deeply distressing or disturbing.





Trauma is a Risk Factor for Substance Use





Understanding the Influence:

The "What"

Marijuana/THC

Regular THC use by youth can lead to:

Problems with memory, attention, and learning

Abnormal changes in brain structure related to memory

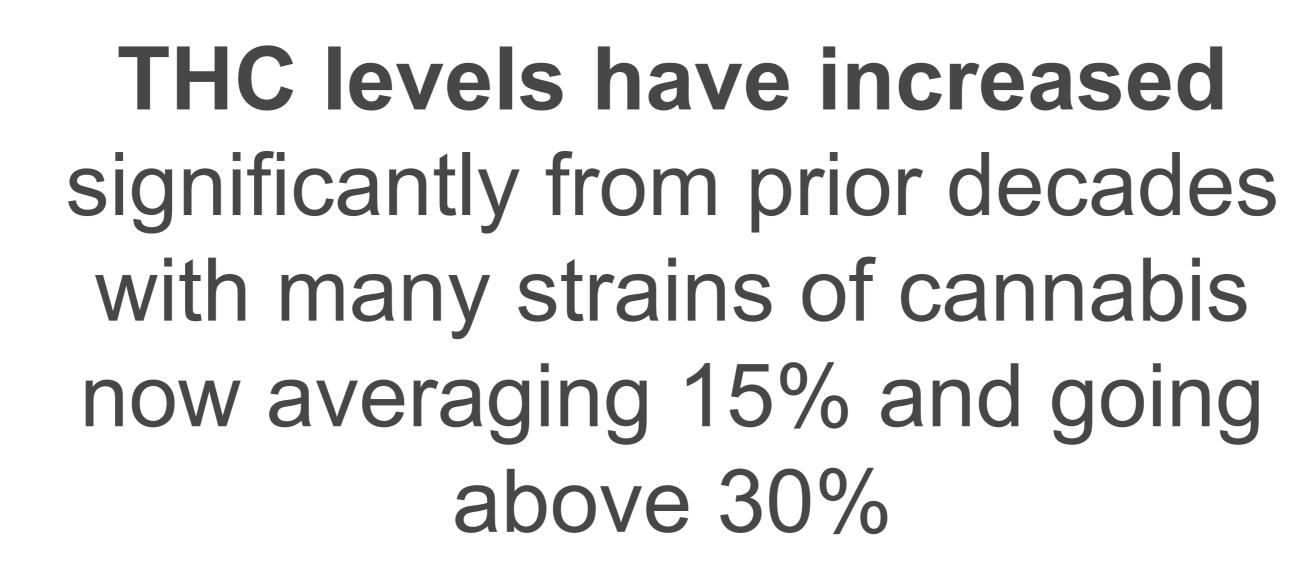
Lower quality of brain connections







Marijuana/THC











Budder



Shatter/Wax



Hash Oil









Dabs/Wax Pen







Dabs





Oil Cartridge







Wax



not Mykid® INSPIRING POSITIVE LIFE CHOICES





Delta-8 THC (D8)



Symptoms of THC Use

Finding wax pens or wax pen parts

Finding small jars or containers with dabs / wax / oils

Bloodshot eyes

Dilated pupils

Dry mouth / increased thirst

Lack of eye convergence*

*(Can also occur with some depressants, inhalants, and dissociative drugs)

Vapes & E-Cigs

Designed as a harmreduction tool to help smokers quit smoking cigarettes

Liquid is available in a wide variety of flavors

Can make drug use and related smells easier to conceal



L to R: Electronic Cigarettes("E-Cigs"), Vape Pens, Modified Vape Pens ("Mods")



Suorin









Juul





Juul Flavor Ban

The New Hork Times

Teens Find a Big Loophole in the New Flavored Vaping Ban

The policy allows mint, dessert and fruit flavors to continue to be sold in disposable e-cigarettes, prompting many teens to switch from Juul to those devices.



Juul Flavor Ban

The Food and Drug Administration is banning most flavored <u>e-</u> <u>cigarettes</u>, but that isn't keeping banana ice, sour gummy or cool mint out of the hands of McCracken County High School students.

Blame a policy loophole. When the Trump administration decided to prohibit fruit, mint and dessert flavors in refillable cartridge-based <u>e-cigarettes</u> like <u>Juul</u>, <u>it carved out a few exceptions</u> to mollify the vape shop owners and adult consumers who complained. The much-publicized exemption allows menthol and tobacco flavors.

But a footnote on page 9 of the new policy permits all flavors to continue to be sold in devices that cannot be refilled and are designed to be disposed of after the flavored nicotine has run dry.

Teenagers have caught on fast.



not Mykid® INSPIRING POSITIVE LIFE CHOICES

Puff Bar

WARNING:

This product

contains nicotine.

Nicotine is

an addictive

chemical.

WARNING:

This product

contains nicotine.

Nicotine is

an addictive

chemical.

WARNING:

This product

contains nicotine.

Nicotine is

an addictive

chemical.



WARNING:

This product

contains nicotine.

Nicotine is

an addictive

chemical.

WARNING:

This product

contains nicotine.

Nicotine is

an addictive

chemical.

This product

contains nicotine.

Nicotine is

an addictive

chemical.

WARNING:

This product

contains nicotine.

Nicotine is

an addictive

chemical.

This product

contains nicotine.

Nicotine is

an addictive

chemical.











Teen Use vs. Adult Use



Teens who vape are 6x more likely to go on to smoke cigarettes

"E-Cigarettes and Future Cigarette Use" Jessica L. Barrington-Trimis, Robert Urman, Kiros Berhane, Jennifer B. Unger, Tess Boley Cruz, Mary Ann Pentz, Jonathan M. Samet, Adam M. Leventhal, Rob McConnell – University of Southern California



How Do Kids Get Them?



Kids are successful in buying e-cigarettes online 94% of the time

"Electronic Cigarette Sales to Minors via the Internet" Rebecca S. Williams, MHS, PhD; Jason Derrick, MSW Kurt M. Ribisl, PhD – JAMA Pediatrics



How Do Kids Get Them?



- Vape shops
- Smoke shops
- Older students
- Adults



Increase in Teen Use



Teen use increased 900% between 2011 and 2015

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services



Dangers for Youth

E-liquid with nicotine: Nicotine addiction

Interference with brain development*

Memory and attention issues*

E-liquid only: Lung damage

Vaping in General: Lack of long-term research

Is an entry point into substance use



Warning Signs - Vaping

Unexplained smells (fruit, mint, etc.)

Increased thirst

Increased nosebleeds

Caffeine sensitivity/avoiding caffeine

Mood swings

Unexplained handheld devices

Unexplained batteries and chargers

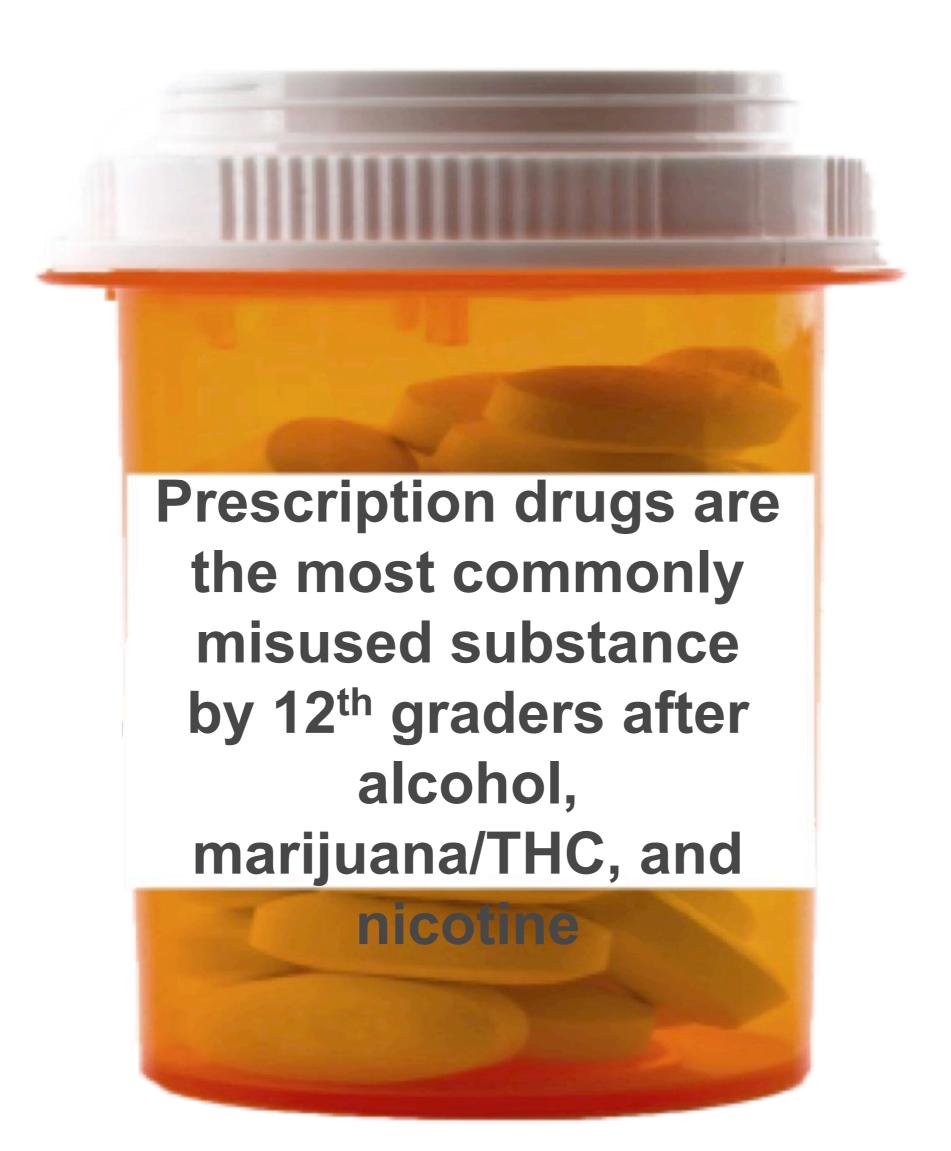
Finding atomizers or other vape parts







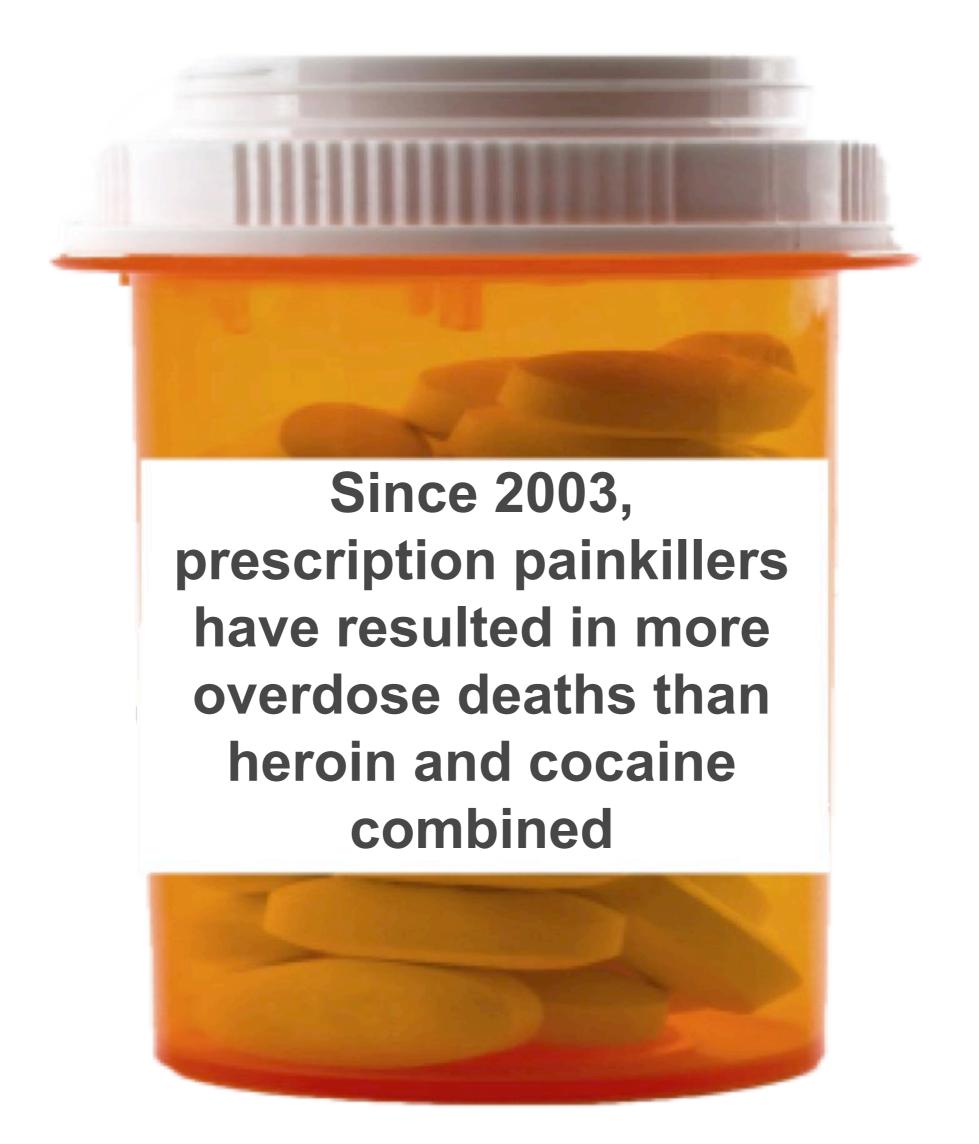
Rx Misuse



(NIDA – Monitoring The Future)

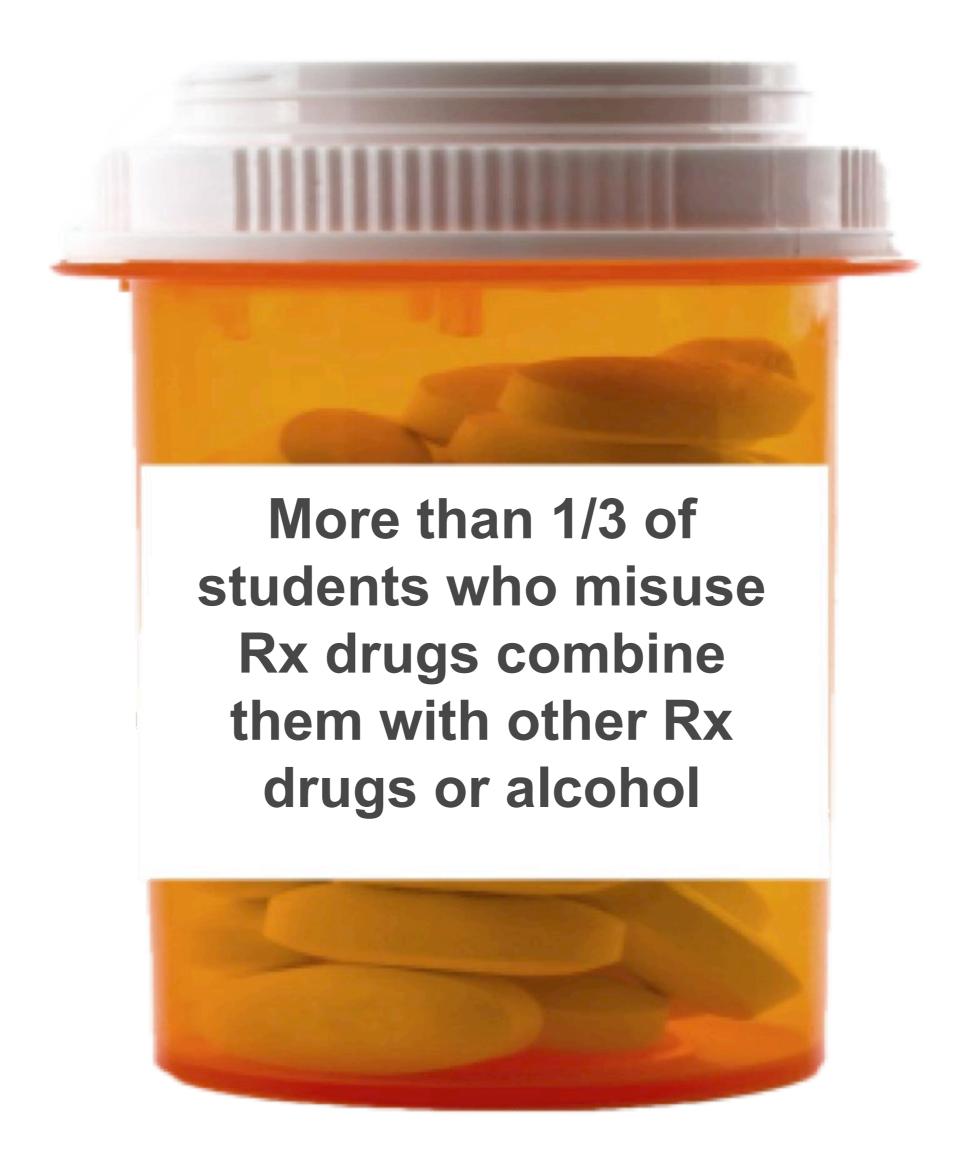


Rx Misuse



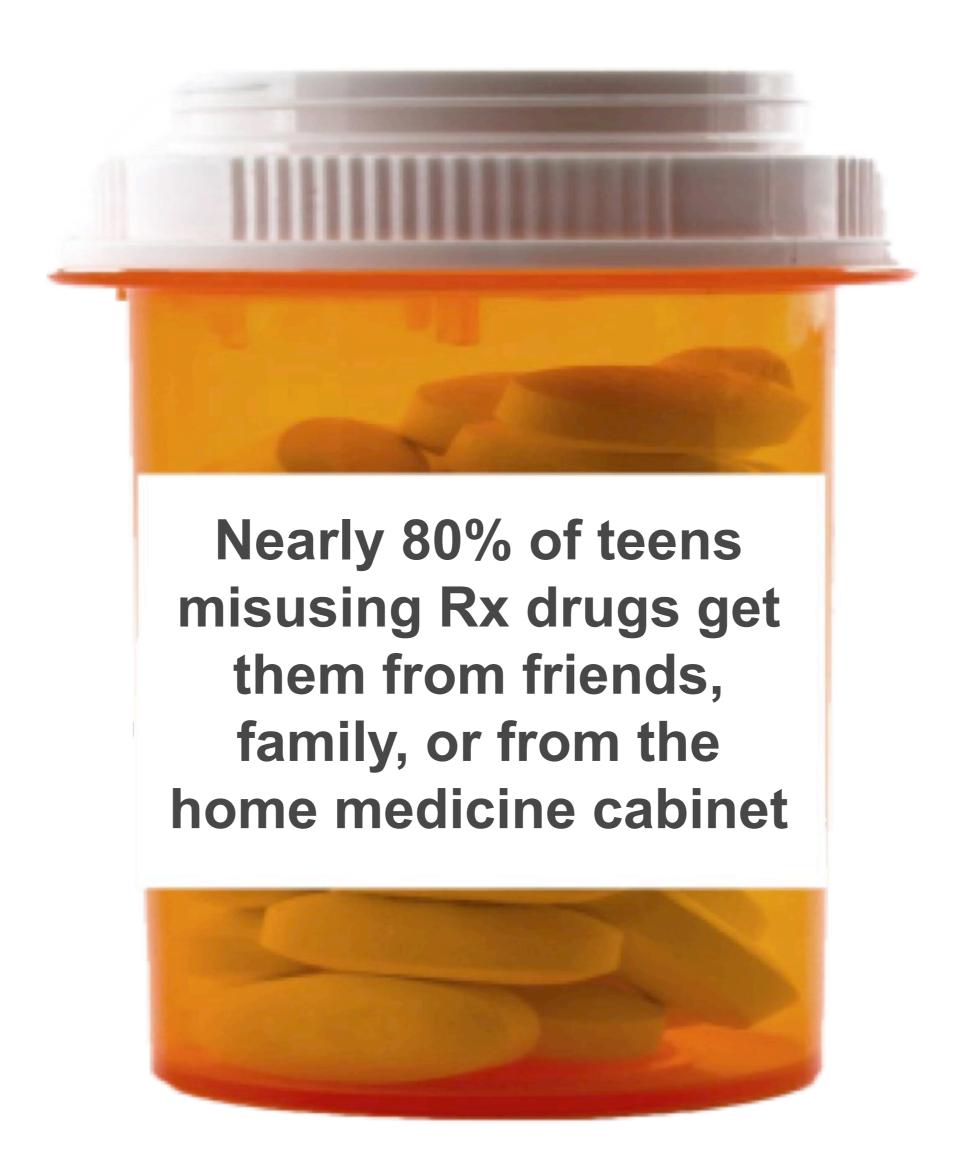


In Arizona





In Arizona





Fentanyl

Fentanyl is a synthetic opioid that is 80-100 times stronger than morphine.

Pharmaceutical fentanyl was developed for pain management treatment of cancer patients, applied in a patch on the skin.





Fentanyl

Because it is potent and inexpensive, fentanyl is added to heroin or counterfeit prescription pills to increase potency.

Many users believe that they are purchasing oxycodone, hydrocodone, or other prescription medication and actually don't know that they are purchasing fentanyl.







Fentanyl – Counterfeit Pills



Fentanyl – Counterfeit Pills







Fentanyl – Lethal Dose







Fentanyl – Overdose Deaths





Fentanyl on Campus

NEWS > CENTRAL & SOUTHERN ARIZONA NEWS







San Luis police: 3 students had thousands of fentanyl pills on campus

Posted: 12:04 PM, Jun 06, 2019 Updated: 12:43 PM, Jun 06, 2019





Fentanyl on Campus



WS WEATHER TRAFFIC GOOD MORNING AZ PHOTOS A

O 94

4°



Notre Dame Prep student arrested after student overdoses on pill laced with fentanyl

azfamily.com News Staff

Posted Feb 11, 2019 2



Signs of Fentanyl Use

- ·Sleepiness including "nodding off"
- Shallow breathing or difficulty breathing
- Euphoria
- Constipation
- Constricted "pinpoint" pupils
- ·Slurred speech but no odor of alcohol
- Slowed movements



Signs of Fentanyl Overdose

- Clammy skin
- Loss of color in the face
- Blue lips and/or fingertips
- Unresponsive to verbal commands or questions
- Deep snoring or gurgling sounds
- Slowed or faint heartbeat
- Slow breathing or no breathing





What Next?

- •Call 911
- Administer naloxone (Narcan)
- Begin rescue breathing



Doses of naloxone and naloxone training are available from Sonoran Prevention Works – SPWAZ.org



Neurotransmitters and Addiction

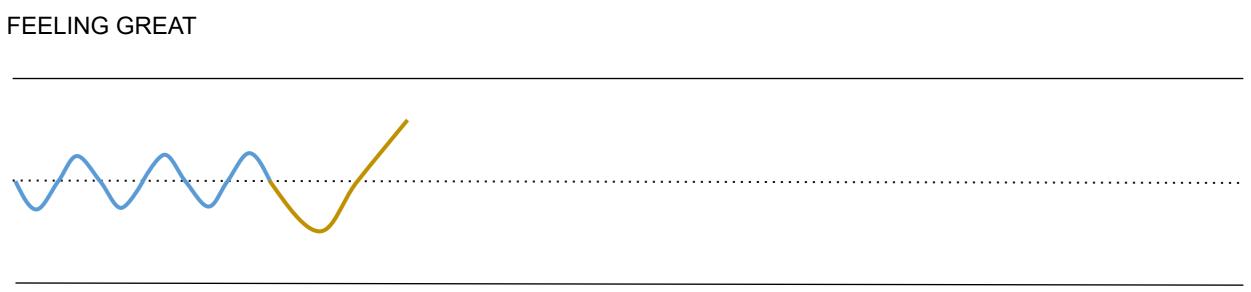
GABA: Anti-anxiety, calming

Serotonin: Happiness, mood stabilizing

Dopamine: Pleasure, motivation, reward

Norepinephrine: Alertness, concentration, energy

Acetylcholine: Memory, cognition, muscle function







Neurotransmitters and Addiction

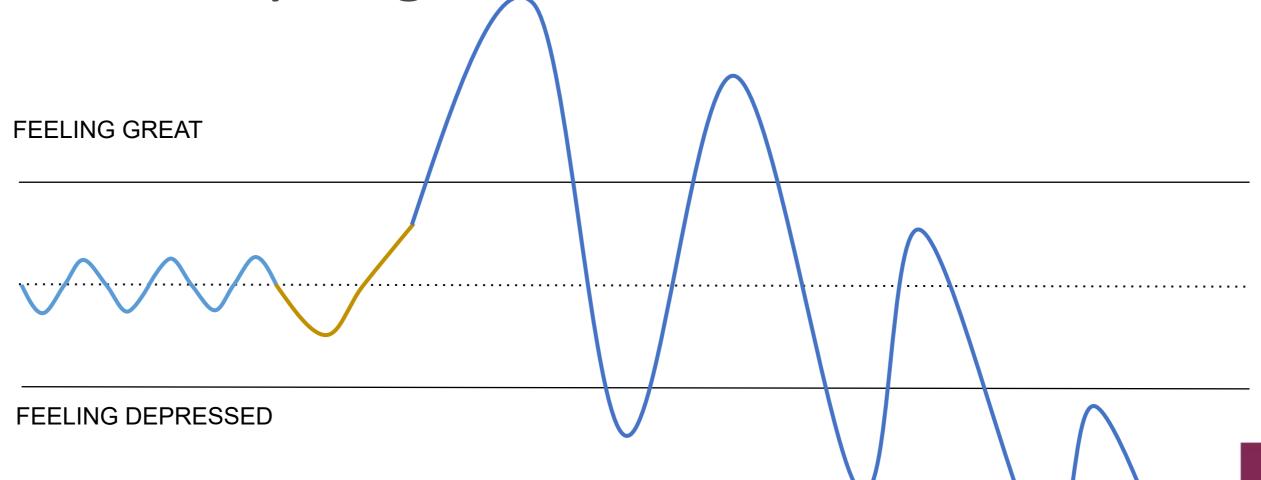
GABA: Anti-anxiety, calming

Serotonin: Happiness, mood stabilizing

Dopamine: Pleasure, motivation, reward

Norepinephrine: Alertness, concentration, energy

Acetylcholine: Memory, cognition, muscle function





Brain Development

At what age does the human brain finish growing and maturing?





Brain Development

At what age does the human brain finish growing and maturing?

25 years or older

The prefrontal cortex is responsible for planning, anticipating risk, and impulse control





Signs and Symptoms

- A drop in grades
- Isolation from family
- Poor achievement
- Mood swings
- Dishonesty
- Change in peer groups
- Disrepect toward parents
- Loss of interest in previous hobbies and activities
- Change in eating or sleeping habits

- Red, watery, or glassy eyes
- Drastic change in pupil size
- Late or unexplained hours
- Finding paraphernalia in their room
- Finding several empty OTC drug boxes
- Disappearance of money or possessions
- Slurred speech or impaired motor control
- Compromising personal values
- Posting drug slang or drug images on social media



Paraphernalia and Concealment



Paraphernalia and Concealment























Paraphernalia















Understanding the Influence:

The Solutions

Consistency

Teens whose parents do not agree with one another regarding family rules on drug use are more than 3x more likely to use marijuana and 3x more likely to try drugs in general.

CASA Columbia





Family Dinner

Teens who say they discuss their lives with their parents over regular dinners are less likely to use drugs or alcohol.

CASA Columbia





Start the Conversation Early

Let them know your stance on drugs long before they hit adolescence.

Have conversations when you can, i.e. at dinner or when you are picking them up from school.

Start asking them simple questions daily, such as "What were your favorite and least favorite things about today?" Use their answers as a gauge.

Set Clear Rules About Drugs & INSPIRING POSITIVE LIFE CHOICES Alcohol

Parental disapproval is a huge factor in preventing substance use.

If a teen believes you are okay with drug and alcohol use, they will be more likely to use.

If you are clear with them that you disapprove of drug and alcohol use, they will be less likely to use.



Understand the Teenage Brain

Teens are wired to take risks and experiment. They are likely to be impulsive.

The pleasure/reward-seeking part of their brain has developed, while the part that controls impulse is still maturing.

Help them find positive activities to achieve the feelings they're seeking.

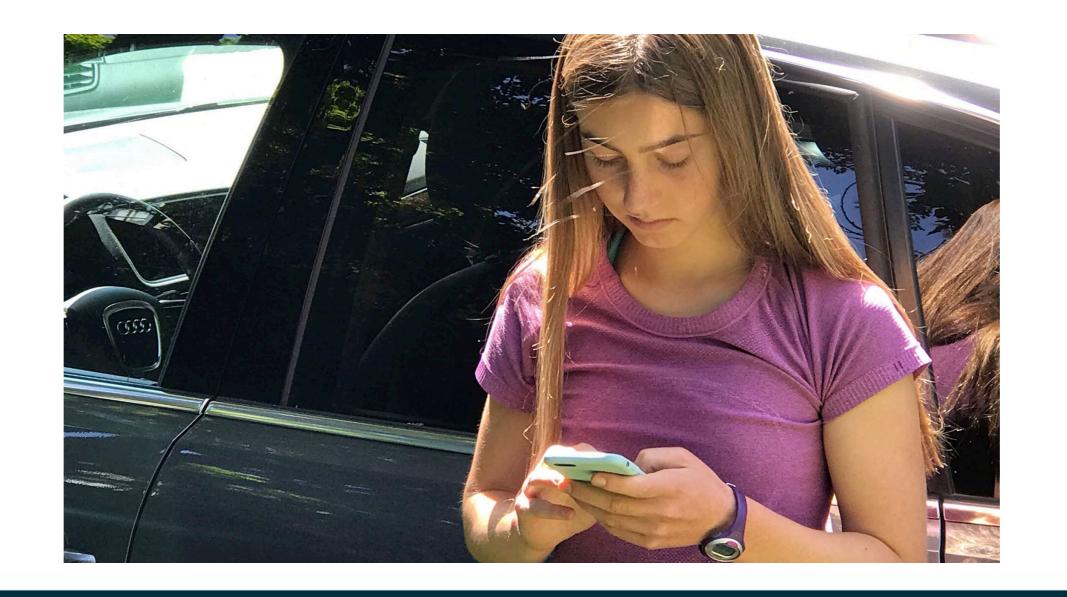
Form a plan on how/why to say "no" in advance.



Give Your Kids a Way Out of Risky Situations

Form a plan before they are offered drugs or alcohol.

Agree on a code word or phrase that they can text you, and you will come and pick them up, no questions asked.





Decide on Consequences Together

Ask them what they think the consequence should be if they are found to be using drugs or alcohol.

That way, there is no surprise as to what will happen if they drink or use.

"You made this choice knowing what would happen and what was agreed upon."



Keep Communication Lines Open

Make sure your child knows you are always there for them, even if they have made an unhealthy choice.

Maintain an open and non-judgmental line of communication.







notMYkid.org/SA

HOME ABOUT US PROGRAMS - RESOURCES - DONATE BLOG EVENTS CONTACT US - DONATE

notMYkid Substance Use Prevention Strategies

Signs and Symptoms of Drug or Alcohol Use

Drug Paraphernalia and Concealment

Talking With Youth About Drugs and Alcohol

Substances Commonly Used by Youth

Vaping and eCigarettes – What Parents Should Know

Take Action – Create a Family Substance Use Prevention Plan

Resources and Support

notMYkid Copyright © 2020. | TTY Access | Branding by Blue Dot Branding, LLC



Win This Year Podcast

Informative – Interesting – Inspiring

WinThisYear.Buzzsprout.com

Also available on Apple Podcasts, Google Podcasts, Spotify, Amazon Music, Amazon Alexa, etc.

Or search "Win This Year podcast" or "notMYkid podcast on Google







nMk Families Facebook Group



Search "notMYkid Families" on Facebook





FACEBOOK: NOTMYKID
INSTAGRAM: NOTMYKIDDOTORG

(602) 652-0163

